# BEHAVIOR MATTERS

# DR. LYNN HONECKMAN

## VETERINARY BEHAVIOR SOLUTIONS

## SUMMER 2018

vbsdrh@earthlink.net

321-332-2153

1120 Cypress Glen Circle, Kissimmee, FL, 34741



## **NOISE PHOBIA**

## THUNDER AND LIGHTNING AND 4<sup>TH</sup> OF JULY!

## **DEFINITIONS:**

**FEAR**= RESPONSE TO ACTUAL PRESENCE OF UNPLEASANT TRIGGER

**ANXIETY** = RESPONSE TO ANTICIPATED EXPOSURE TO UNPLEASANT TRIGGER

AVERSION = DISTRESS, AVOIDANCE, DISCOMFORT DUE TO UNPLEASANT TRIGGER

**PHOBIA**= FEAR OUT OF PROPORTION TO ACTUAL LEVEL OF DANGER

*FIREWORKS
*THUNDERSTORMS
*VACUUM CLEANERS
*SIRENS/ALARMS
*CONSTRUCTION

**TOP 5 NOISE TRIGGERS** 

\*35-50% OF DOGS SUFFER FROM NOISE ANXIETY

\*Cats are underdiagnosed due to lack of attention to hiding behaviors

*Pacing	*Hiding
*Panting	*Escaping
*Shaking	*Drooling
*Attention-seeking	*Vocalizing
*Elimination	*Destruction

SIGNS OF NOISE PHOBIA



OTHER TREATMENTS FOR NOISE PHOBIA

## ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

#### \*Avoidance/Prevention

Do not attend firework events or go outside during storms

\*Storm Bunker/Safe Place

\*White Noise

\*Black-out Window Shades

\*Mutt Muffs

\*Doggles

\*Calming Music

## BEHAVIOR MODIFICATION

\*Desensitization and counterconditioning

\*Creating positive associations with triggers

\*Very gradual and positive exposure to scary stimulus

\*Teaching relaxation and going to the safe place

\*Must be practiced prior to storm season

www.forcefreeflorida.com

# RELIEVING DISTRESS WITH Medication should <u>Not</u> be a Last resort

#### Fear and Anxiety Are Damaging to Physiologic Health

A complete treatment plan should be implemented after a thorough behavior diagnosis is made, and after other causes of the behavior signs have been ruled-out.

Pharmacotherapy should be an essential element in relieving the panic and suffering that occurs with noise phobia.

Consider situational medications for occasional events and mild signs of stress. Long-term daily medications should be recommended if fear occurs frequently or is severe.

#### 1. Event-Specific

\*Rapid Onset of Action

\*Short-Duration

## Alpha 2 agonists

\*SILEO

**Benzodiazepines** 

\*alprazolam

\*clonazepam

**GABA** analogs

\*gabapentin

#### **SARIs**

\*trazodone

#### 2. Long-term

\*Frequent exposure to triggers

\*Dose given daily

\*May take time to reach peak effect

#### **SSRIs**

\*fluoxetine

\*sertraline

\*paroxetine

#### **TCAs**

\*clomipramine

\*amitriptyline